95% CI P value Std β β **Sociodemographic factors** Sex 0.03 0.19 -0.35, 0.720.493 Age 0.02 0.04 -0.11, 0.19 0.613 **Education level** Junior College^a ___ -----College ^b 0.09 -0.01,1.16 0.054 0.58 **Lifestyle characteristics** • **Smoking habit** Never smoked --------**Quit Smoking** 0.03 0.31 -0.53, 1.15 0.460 Smoking, tried to quit -0.67, 2.56 0.05 0.94 0.252 Smoking, trying to quit 0.03 0.81 -1.88, 3.51 0.554 Smoking, never quit -0.40 -2.08, 1.290.643 -0.02 **Alcohol consumption** Never --0.03 0.16 -0.40, 0.720.576 Less than once a month 1-3 times a month 0.04 0.29 -0.38, 0.97 0.396 Once a week -0.05 -0.68 -1.98, 0.620.306 1-2 times a week 0.01 0.14 -1.24, 1.51 0.843 3-5 times a week 0.04 0.423 1.11 -1.60, 3.81 Daily 0.12 3.01 0.79, 5.24 0.080 **Exercise habit** Never --Less than once a month 0.03 0.17 -0.53, 0.87 0.629 1-3 times a month 0.11 0.68 -0.02, 1.390.058 1-2 times a week -0.03 -0.21 -1.01, 0.59 0.610 3-5 times a week -0.73.1.340.03 0.30 0.567 Daily 0.02 0.37 -1.27, 2.010.656 Optimism ^c -0.02 -0.01 -0.09, 0.070.778 Stress d 0.20 0.13 0.05, 0.20 < 0.001Depression ^e 0.21 0.07 0.03, 0.10 < 0.001

Table 4. Factor associated with Insomnia

This is the pre-published version.

Note: Std β : Standardized Beta; CI: Confidence interval;

^a Junior College students were those enrolled in Higher Diploma or Associate Degree programs;

^bCollege students were those enrolled in undergraduate or postgraduate programs;

^c Scores ranged from 0 - 24; higher scores indicate higher level of optimism;

^d Scores ranged from 0 - 40; higher scores indicate higher level of stress;

^e Scores ranged from 0 - 63; higher scores indicate higher level of depression.