

Student Academic Workshop
on
Policing Issues in Hong Kong



29 – 30 June 2015

**Prof Peter MANNING, Dr Lawrence HO,
Dr Dennis HUI, Miss YY WONG, Miss
Hiliary LEUNG, Mr Ricky SUEN, Miss
Kathy WONG, Miss Stephen LAU, Mr
Kevin LAU, Miss Boey LAU, Miss
Carman CHEUNG, Mr Dickson LO, Miss
Liz CHOW, Miss Bobo CHAN**



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Department of Social Sciences
The Hong Kong Institute of Education



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Student Academic Workshop on Policing Issues in Hong Kong

29 - 30 June 2015

D3-LP-04, The Hong Kong Institute of Education



Student Research Presentation

A group of dedicated students from three different programs offered by the Department of Social Sciences will present their research findings.

29 June 2015
10:30-18:00



Research Workshop

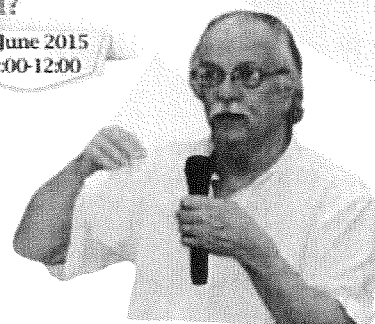
Fieldwork and Sampling: How to describe what you did?

Prof Peter Manning

Visiting Professor, Department of Social Sciences, HKIEd

30 June 2015
10:00-12:00

Prof Peter Manning is Elmer V. H. and Eileen M. Brooks Chair College of Criminal Justice, Northeastern University, Boston, MA, USA. He has taught at Michigan State, MIT, Oxford, and the University of Michigan, and was a Fellow of the National Institute of Justice, Balliol and Wolfson Colleges, Oxford, the American Bar Foundation, the Rockefeller Villa (Bellagio), and the Centre for Socio-Legal Studies, Wolfson College, and Oxford. His research is about public and private policing and has published more than 20 books.



Department of
Social Sciences
社會科學系

Registration and enquiries:
Emily at 2948 8942 or htlau@ied.edu.hk

Schedule

Day 1 (29 June 2015, Monday)

Time	Programmes
	Introduction
10:30 – 11:00	By Professor Sonny Lo and Dr Lawrence Ho, Department of Social Sciences, The Hong Kong Institute of Education
	Session 1 – Chaired by Professor Sonny Lo
11:00 – 11:40	The Youth Perception on Policing YY Wong and Hilary Leung <i>Year 3, Bachelor of Arts in Liberal Studies Education</i>
11:40 – 12:20	Mobilization Pattern of Social Movement and Challenge of Protest Policing in Hong Kong Ricky Suen <i>Year 3, Bachelor of Arts in Liberal Studies Education</i>
12:20 – 13:30	Lunch
	Session 2 – Chaired by Dr Lawrence Ho
13:30 – 14:10	Policing 2005 WTO Ministerial Conference and 2014 Umbrella Movements: Strategies & Rationales Kathy Wong <i>Year 2, Bachelor of Arts in Language Studies</i>
14:10 – 14:50	Community Policing in Hong Kong: Can the Police form and Maintain Good Relationships with the Public? Stephen Lau and Kevin Lau <i>Year 3, Bachelor of Arts in Liberal Studies Education</i>
14:50 – 15:00	Break
	Session 3 – Chaired by Dr Dennis Hui
15:00 – 15:40	Relationships between Crime Rate and Promotion of Police Magazine: With Reference to Telephone Deception Boey Lau and Carman Cheung <i>Year 3 & Year 2, Bachelor of Education (Liberal Studies)</i>
15:40 – 16:20	Policing the Sexual Minorities Dickson Lo and Liz Chow <i>Year 3, Bachelor of Arts in Liberal Studies Education</i>
16:20 – 17:00	Marketing of the Hong Kong Police Bobo Chan <i>Year 3, Bachelor of Social Sciences in Global & Environmental Studies</i>
17:00 – 18:00	Concluding Remark By Professor Peter Manning and Dr Lawrence Ho Department of Social Sciences, The Hong Kong Institute of Education



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Schedule

Day 2 (30 June 2015, Tuesday)

Time

Programmes

10:00 - 12:00

Research Workshop
Fieldwork and Sampling: How to Describe What You Did?

By Professor Peter Manning
Visiting Professor, Department of Social Sciences,
The Hong Kong Institute of Education

12:00 - 13:00

Lunch

13:00

Fieldwork Visit



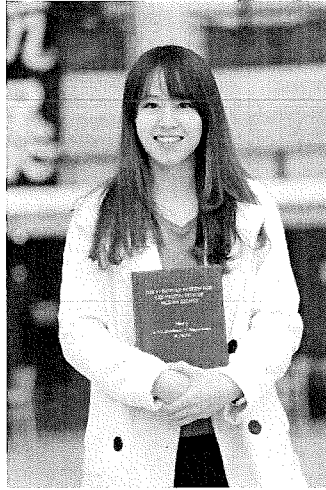
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The Youth Perception on Policing

YY Wong & Hilary Leung

Year 3, Bachelor of Arts in Liberal Studies Education



YY Wong



Hilary Leung

Abstract

Youth are one of the essential cooperate partners with the Hong Kong Police. Through different platforms such as school talks, safety demonstration and youth groups, the Hong Kong Police have delivered positive values and messages of detecting crime to the youth effectively. Since always, the Hong Kong Police have highly rated by the youth in detecting crime and their integrity. However, conflicts between the two parties become more and more serious in recent protests. The contradictory between maintaining law and order, and expressing opinions gradually makes changes in their relationship and lead to changing youth perception on policing as well.

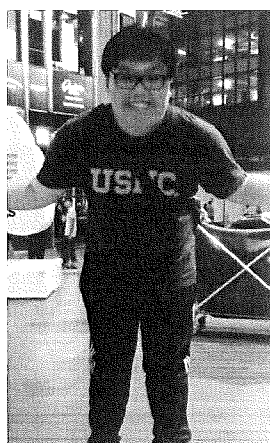
摘要

青年是香港警察其中一個重要的合作伙伴，通過學校講座、安全示範、青少年組織等渠道，警察有效地向青年灌輸正確價值觀念及撲滅罪行信息。素來香港青年對警察在撲滅罪行、清廉等方面都予以非常高的評價。但近年，警察與青年在遊行示威上衝突不斷，維持治安與表達訴求之間的矛盾漸漸令兩者關係起了新變化，同時亦促使青年對警政的觀感有所改變。

Mobilization Pattern of Social Movement and Challenge of Protest Policing in Hong Kong

Ricky Suen

Year 3, Bachelor of Arts in Liberal Studies Education



Abstract

Peaceful assembly and public procession have long been the major channels employed by Hong Kong citizens to express their aspirations and discontent with the government. Since the turnover to China in 1997, with a maturer civil society, many Hong Kong citizens would express their dissatisfaction with the government by means of participating the procession and public meetings organized by political groups. Sometimes, there would be several hundred thousands of participants. Intriguingly, when compared to foreign counterparts, processions in Hong Kong managed to operate smoothly and safely, under the self-restraint of the Hong Kong participants and the extensive experience of the Police in handling public meetings and processions.

However, the political climate of Hong Kong is getting more complicated. The present political reform progress has belied the expectation of the pan-democrats and theirs supporters. Some of the supporters are weary of the mass assembly organized by the conventional pan-democrats because they do not reckon peaceful assembly and procession as effective ways in demanding “true” double universal suffrage. Since 2013, the concept of civil disobedience has been advocated in the public. The “Occupy Central” advocacy aimed to pressure the HKSAR Government and the PRC Government into granting “true” double universal suffrage, which satisfies both democracy and universal value/international standards, to Hong Kong.



Umbrella Movement, which broke out and lasted for 79 days in total, is the largest mass road occupation action since the turnover.

From Anti-National Education protest to Umbrella Movement, increasing challenges were brought to the Police in managing mass assembly and public procession. Stem from the changes in public mobilizing, many people took to the street spontaneously instead of being mobilized by any organizations/hosts. Therefore, more clashes between the Police and protesters were triggered and at last turned out to be an upheaval. Alleging the abuse of power and the undue use of force against protestors, many people are dissatisfied with the Police's manner in handling demonstrations. This research mainly analyzes the mobilizing of social movement and the Police's handling of demonstration since the turnover and examines the new challenges faced by the Hong Kong Police Force in handling the situation.

摘要

和平集會遊行一直是香港市民向政府當局表達訴求和不滿的主要途徑。自香港於1997年回歸中國後，隨着公民社會日趨成熟，許多香港市民會跟隨不同的專業團體透過遊行、集會向政府當局表達不滿，有時近高達數十萬市民參與。但有趣的是，與外國經驗比較之下香港遊行人士的克制表現和警察的豐富管理集會遊行經驗，都確保遊行可以順利和安全進行。

但隨着香港的政治環境氣候複雜，支持泛民主派的遊行人士所爭取的政治體制改革一直落空，亦開始厭倦政治團體和主辦單位所動員的大型政治集會活動，認為和平集會遊行並未能為他們爭取雙普選體制。自2013年起，香港民間開始鼓吹公民抗命概念。不排除發動佔領中環運動，以使香港特區與中央政府妥協，容許香港推行民主、符合普世價值的行政長官與立法會普選制度。最後雨傘運動展開並持續了79天，是自回歸以來發生最大型的群眾集結佔領馬路。

由反國教事件以至雨傘運動，這些事件對警察在管理集會遊行活動時造成嚴峻考驗，基於動員過程模式的轉變，許多市民都是自發性上街示威，並非受到主辦單位的感召。因此，這些示威活動更加觸發法者與示威者之間的衝突，最後演變成一場社會動盪。而市民對警察的處理手法有很多不滿之處：例如批評執法者警權過大，對付示威者使用不必要的武力等等。本研究主要分析香港自回歸以來社會運動的動員過程和香港警察的管理與處事手法，並探討香港警察在處理活動時所面對的最新難題。

Policing 2005 WTO Ministerial Conference & 2014 Umbrella Movements: Strategies & Rationales

Kathy Wong

Year 2, Bachelor of Arts in Language Studies



Abstract

The research topic “Policing 2005 WTO Ministerial Conference and 2014 Umbrella Movements: Strategies & Rationales” will first discuss the background of 2005 WTO Ministerial Conference and 2014 Umbrella Movements, which are superficially two isolated incidents. Yet, some critics said the strategies taken by the police and the government in the Umbrella Movement is based on the WTO Ministerial Conference. So, I am interested in several questions: What is the rationale for adopting the strategies in WTO Ministerial Conference and Umbrella Movement in terms of continuity and political factors? How do the police change the strategy in the two incidents and what makes them to do so?

摘要

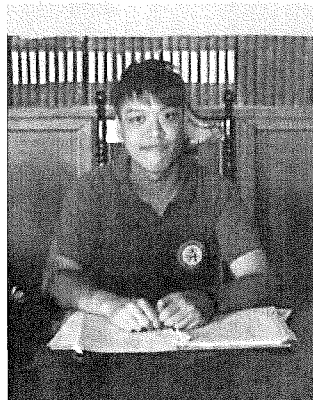
在雨傘運動發生期間，曾有分析指出警察在雨傘運動的部署、策略、應對示威者的手法等是參考當年 2005 反世貿示威後所作的檢討報告。我發現兩者雖有相似之處，但雨傘運動有別於反世貿示威，警方一再改變策略應對示威行動。因此我決定以『探討及分析警方 2005 年反世貿示威和 2014 雨傘運動的部署分別和當中成因』作為研究題目，並就兩件事件的背景先作介紹，然後探討為何兩件看似獨立的事件會影響警方對大型示威活動的評估和部署，究竟兩者的部署背後有什麼分別？當中涉及什麼政治因素？示威者和示威行動的連續性如何影響警方的部署和策略？



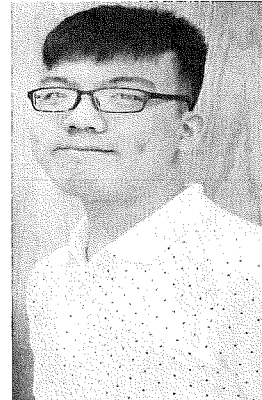
Community Policing in Hong Kong: Can the Police form and Maintain Good Relationship with the Public?

Stephen Lau & Kevin Lau

Year 3, Bachelor of Arts in Liberal Studies Education



Stephen Lau



Kevin Lau

Abstract

Community Policing is a global trend of policing method. It aims to prevent crimes and encourage people against crimes by making use of the police-public relationship.

In this presentation, the situation of community policing in Hong Kong will be described. The focus will be on exploring the development of community policing in Hong Kong and how community policing is being operated in Hong Kong. Furthermore, based on the literature, it will be focused on criticizing the structure of the community policing system in Hong Kong and its operation method, in order to explore on whether the police can form and maintain good relationships with the public by operating community policing in Hong Kong.

摘要

社區警政是為一個具全球趨勢的警政方式，此警政方式的目標是希望利用社區警政所建立的警民關係從而預防罪案發生和鼓勵市民打擊罪案。此彙報將會簡介社區警政在香港執行的情況，包括社區警政在香港的發展和社區警政如何在香港運作。除此之外，此彙報亦參考文獻，集中批判香港社區警政的結構及其運作方式，從而探索香港警察能否利用香港社區警政的運作，與香港市民營造和維持良好的關係。

Relationships between Crime Rate and Promotion of Police Magazine: With Reference to Telephone Deception

Boey Lau & Carman Cheung
Year 3 & Year 2, Bachelor of Education (Liberal Studies)



Boey Lau



Carman Cheung

Abstract

The purpose of this research is to find out the correlation of crime rate and promotion of police magazine in combating crime. With the aim of advertising and preventing crime, police magazine is launched since 1973. As the biggest channel for Hong Kong police to promote the latest crime trend and the crime prevention tips, whether the promotion of police magazine is effective in confronting crime? With reference to the telephone deception, it is aim to find out the relationship between telephone deception rate and the number of times of police magazine advertising the telephone deception information in attempt to investigate the effectiveness of police magazine.

摘要

這個研究的目的是找出犯罪率和「警訊」的關係。由 1973 年開始，「警訊」已經開始宣揚有關撲滅罪案及防止罪案的資訊。作為香港警方向市民提供最新的罪案趨勢及宣揚撲滅罪行最大的渠道，究竟「警訊」是否有效地令市民去對抗及預防罪案呢？利用電話騙案個案，去探討電話騙案的數字與警訊播放有關電話騙案的片段的次數當中的關係，以探討「警訊」的有效性。

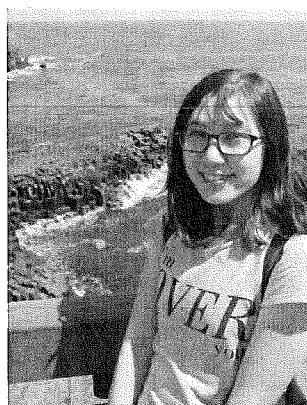
Policing the Sexual Minorities

Dickson Lo & Liz Chow

Year 3, Bachelor of Arts in Liberal Studies Education



Dickson Lo



Liz Chow

Abstract

In 1980, John MacLennan who is a Scottish, homosexual and police inspector in Hong Kong, was suddenly dead. Before his dead, he was charged as sexually assault other male. The dead of John MacLennan arouse a large social debate and attention on sexual minorities in Hong Kong. Especially, the decriminalization of homosexual behavior is significantly correlated to the case of John MacLennan. Additionally, the case of John MacLennan is related to the rights of sexual minorities, the debate in sodomy law and the structure of police force.

Besides, most of the academic researches simply remain the discourse that the dead of John MacLennan "lead to" the decriminalization of homosexual behavior. Hence, the research concentrate on "how the case of john MacLennan would lead to the decriminalization of homosexual behavior?" in sociological perspective from measuring the interaction between Gendering system, Policing system.

摘要

在 1980 年，蘇格蘭籍的麥樂倫督察同時是一名同性戀者，卻被發現突然死於其住所之內。在案發前數天，麥樂倫被控意圖性侵犯一名姓劉的華人青年。結果，麥樂倫的事件引起了社會第一次有關同性戀議題的討論，而且引起社會對香港性小眾的關注。更重要的是，同性戀非刑事化與麥樂倫事件有重大的關聯性。所以，麥樂倫事件是關係到性小眾的權益和警隊內部結構的社會議題。

因此，許多的學術研究皆簡單地重覆麥樂倫事件導致同性戀非刑事化的論述，而忽視麥樂倫事件如何導致同性戀非刑事化。所以，本研究會以社會學角度，從性別結構制度，警隊制度兩者互動看麥樂倫事件如何導致同性戀非刑事化。

Marketing of the Hong Kong Police

Bobo Chan

Year 3, Bachelor of Social Sciences in Global & Environmental Studies



Abstract

This presentation examines how the Hong Kong Police Force (HKPF) marketize themselves; the marketing strategies that they have adopted and the importance of marketing in HKPF by analysing the history and different programmes that the HKPF have carried out.

Different literatures regarding policing strategies in Hong Kong have been reviewed and it is argued that there are actual changes in their strategies and approaches towards community policing before and after the transfer of sovereignty of Hong Kong. Hence, whether there are changes in policing strategies, values and structures before and after 1997 will be analysed and the reasons of why such a change would occur will also be reviewed.

摘要

本報告主要以分析警隊的歷史和它們推行的計劃來探討三個問題：香港警察如何包裝自己；警隊運用了什麼營銷策略及包裝警隊的重要性。本報告主要以警隊的措施與歷史來探討三個問題：(1) 警隊如何去樹立形象；(2) 警隊透過甚麼措施；(3) 樹立警隊專業形象的重要性。此報告以文獻回顧方法探討上述問題，鑑於不同學者對回歸前後警政的轉變存有差異，本報告將涵蓋並分析之。



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