## TDG Project Sharing Seminar March 2, 2020

## Exploring Teacher-made ebooks as a Tool to Support Learning to Read







## **Outline**

About the project
Student sharing
Key findings and recommendations







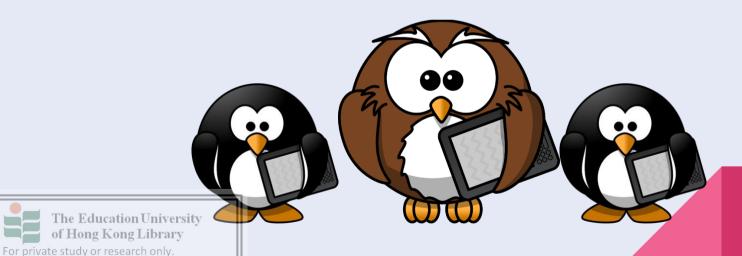


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## **About the project**

Hooking Struggling Readers With Books They CAN and WANT to Read: Teacher-made E-books



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## Two challenges



How to **better prepare** our preservice English teachers to support young English learners who struggle with learning to read

#### 28 preservice teachers



38 primary one pupils



How to provide them with opportunities to explore new ways to enhance the teaching of reading with technology



## **Implementation**

Feb-May 2018

1. Lit review + systematic study of over 50 children's e-books



Mar-May 2018

2. Four training workshops for recruited Ss





May-Jul 2018

3. Recruited Ss collaborated in groups to develop eight ebooks and lesson plans



Sep 2018-Jan 2019

5. Data analysis + generation of findings and recommendations Feb-Jun 2019

6. Dissemination + project evaluation

Jul-Aug 2018

4. Trial lessons in two local primary schools



## What makes a good e-book for young struggling readers?

### Two characteristics according to research:

Considerations for children who are learning to read (Yokota & Teale, 2014)



Take advantage of 'added digital affordances' to support and engage the reader, not simply good print books transferred to the screen (Zpike, 2013)



## Our e-book design framework

#### Support for 'learning to read'

- Text-illustration coordination
- Highlighting of words
- Quality of narration
- Control over narration
- Layout
- Text appearance
- Opportunities for word learning
- Encouraging reading by the reader
- Readability (Qualitative dimension > quantitative dimension)



#### Support for 'learning engagement'

- Affective engagement
- Interactive engagement
- Shared engagement
- Sustained engagement
- Creative engagement
- Personalised engagement

Cahill & Franzen, 2013; Kormos and Smith, 2012; Kucirkova et al., 2017; Sierschynski et al., 2014; Springer et. al, 2017; Yokota & Teale, 2014; Zipke, 2013

## Hook struggling readers with e-books which they CAN and WANT to read!





## **Book creation tool adopted**



## **Book Creator for Chrome**

## Affordances for supporting and engaging young struggling readers

- Allowing text to be integrated with images, sounds, videos and hyperlinks
- 'Read to me': word-by-word highlighting in sync with the reading voice
- Recording button to record audios directly
- Easy control through swiping and touching

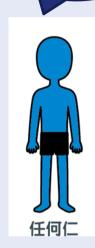
#### **Ease of use by language teachers**

 Allowing sharing with a link on all devices & across different operating systems

Real-time collaboration

Intuitive design and easy to use

ANYONE can be a book creator!





## **Our teaching framework**

#### Five essential components of effective reading instruction (Moats & Dakin, 2008)

- 1) Phonemic awareness
- 2) Phonics and word recognition
- 3) Reading fluency
- 4) Vocabulary development
- 5) Reading comprehension

## **Our teaching framework**

#### Four strands of a well-balanced language course (Nation, 2007)

- 1) Meaning-focused input
- 2) Meaning-focused output
- 3) Fluency development
- 4) Language-focused learning

## Suggested structure for each trial lesson

- 1. Pre-, while- and post-reading activities to support comprehension and language learning (40 mins)
  - Pre-reading to activate/ build background knowledge and arouse interest
  - While-reading to support comprehension and teach reading strategies
  - Post-reading to engage Ss in giving personal response and language-focused activities (e.g. phonics and vocabulary)
- 2. Recording new narration in groups (15 mins) and book selling session (10 mins)
  - Pupils break into groups and record new narration for the book read in Part I
  - Book selling session to build reading interest and encourage ss to read both ebooks and print books outside class

## **Reading Log**

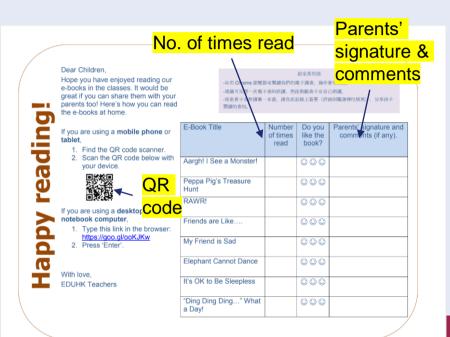
Here are the fun books we introduced at the end of each lesson. You can find them in the school library. Have fun reading!

Book title	Call. number	Rating	Parents' signature
Super Fly Guy	P1 - F	000	
Doodle Bites	F DUN	000	
Recycling Fun	P1 - F	000	
Kipper's Birthday	F HUN	000	
Noah's Ark	230	000	
Suddenly	F COL	000	
A Bark in the Night	F HUN	000	
The Day the Teacher Went Bananas	F	000	

#### 給家長的新

東子書和紙本書各有其優點,不但能互補不足,亦能給讀者不同的 閱閱體驗。希望家長能透過本計劃,終勵貴子女閱讀不同形式的書 籍,整舊其閱讀經驗。



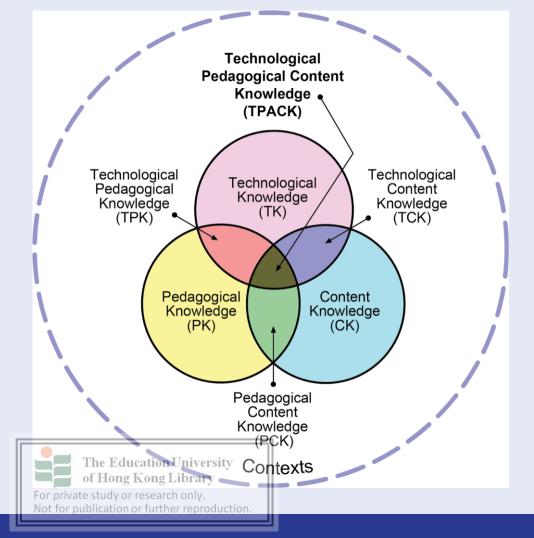




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## Integration of Technology

Koehler's TPACK framework (2006) to help our preservice teachers to consider the interplay among content, pedagogical and technological knowledge for meaningful integration of technology with teaching.

## When teaching with digital texts/ tools

#### Teachers will need to consider:

- Can the text/ tool help to model and guide the use of a literacy skill/ strategy?
- How will you model and guide how to use the digital affordances of the text/ tool?
- To what extent will you capitalise on the digital affordances of the text/ tool? (as suggested in the Puentedura (2010)'s SAMR model: <u>Substitution</u>,
   <u>Augmentation</u>, <u>Modification</u>, <u>Redefinition</u>)

Baxa and Christ, 2017



## **Student sharing**







# Thomk



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## Key findings and recommendations



## On e-book design

As mentioned earlier, a good e-book is not just a good print book transferred to the screen, but one that can take advantage of its **added digital affordances** to provide **support for reading** and **reading engagement.** 

## Books they CAN read

In our experience, e-books designed with appropriate supportive features did help make reading less laborious, potentially improving struggling readers' reading enjoyment and motivation.



## Pupils' perceptions of e-books in general

Do you think e-books are **easier** to read than print books?

Strongly agree (72.7%); agree (4.5%), slightly agree (4.5%); disagree (18.2%), strongly disagree (0%)

Do you think e-books are **more fun** to read than print books?

Strongly agree (68.2%); agree (9.1%); slightly agree (9.1%); disagree (13.6%), strongly disagree (0%)

Do you like **learning English** through e-books?

Yes, very much (77.3%); quite like (9.1%), like a little (9.1%); neutral (0%); No, not at all (4.5%)



# Do you like learning English through e-books? Why?

- a. I can listen to the audios. Paper books do not have audios for you to listen to.'
- b. 'I can listen to the read-aloud. I don't have to read aloud by myself. It's easier'.
- c. 'It reads for me.'
- d. 'I hope learning English in P.2 will be less laborious. Using ebooks is less laborious.'
- e. 'I can listen to the teacher's read aloud. If I read by myself, I will fall asleep. I won't take a book and read. It's more fun.'
- f. 'I can listen to the audios; I can play an audio by myself.'
- g. 'It's playful. It's fun'.
- h. 'Because you can record audios.'
- i. '(These books) can motivate me to learn English.'



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## Books they WANT to read

E-books have rich potential in enhancing multiple aspects of reading engagement (e.g. affective, interactive and personalised engagement). In our experience, when appropriate technology was used to support these aspects of reading engagement, their appeal to young struggling readers also increased.

## Pupils' favourite books





It's OK to be sleepless

Written by Yan Tsoi Lam Illustrated by Yan Tsoi Lam, Nicole Lam, Fanny Keung, Kristy Poon Sound effects by Connie Chiu



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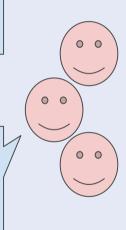
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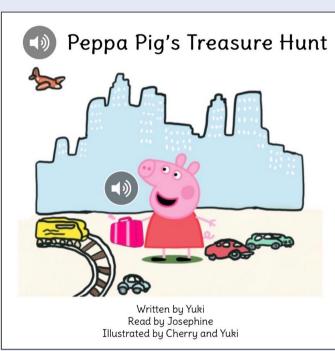
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## Reasons cited by the pupils

The drawing is nice.

I like Peppa Pig.





The story is fun.





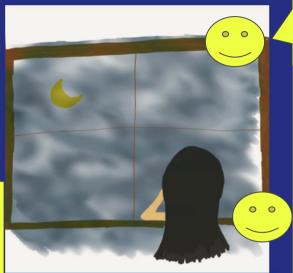
## Reasons cited by the pupils

The snoring sound is fun.

I like sleeping.

I sleep and snore too.

0 0



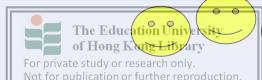
It's OK to be sleepless

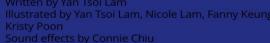
The book is simple. The words repeat. This book is suitable for me.

> I like the hamster. I have a hamster at home.

The story is good.

0 0

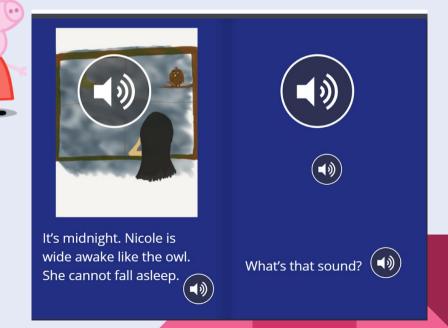




## Affective engagement

How a book evokes **positive attitudes/ satisfaction** such as pleasure, enjoyment and inclusion

- Children were generally engaged by their favourite characters and topics that are interesting or familiar or relevant to their lives.
- Some expressed a liking for quirky drawing and snoring sound effects.





## Interactive engagement

How a book encourages students' active involvement in the reading process



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## Personalised engagement

How a book provides an individualised/ tailored reading experience to a reader

Here's an example of how the pupils made the book their own:

https://read.bookcreator.com/6WzGMg93DjU5c23x90H7GkqTDfm2/d2-dbp-WQfyhclQuVSWd w



## On effective use of e-books

As mentioned earlier, in order for e-books to support reading to learn effectively, a teacher *must* consider ways technology can be used to enhance the teaching of reading. In our experience, e-books did not make much difference to the way reading was taught. However, e-books did have the potential to encourage more practice on reading fluency in an enjoyable way.

## Lack of emphasis on reading fluency

- As shown in our observations, there was a lack of emphasis on reading fluency in Part 1 of the trial lessons. Out of the *eight* lessons analysed, opportunities for reading fluency practice were observed in <u>one</u> lesson only.
- In fact, lack of reading fluency practice is a common problem in HK classrooms as well. The main reasons for this issue could be (1) the tight curriculum in HK and (2) lack of reading materials which are accessible and appealing enough to be re-read by struggling readers on their own comfortably and enjoyably.

## Suggested structure for each lesson

- 1. Pre-, while- and post-reading to support comprehension and learning (40 mins)
  - Pre-reading to activate/ build background knowledge and arouse interest
  - While-reading to support comprehension and model reading strategies
  - Post-reading to provide pupils with opportunities to respond to the story and consolidate learning
- 2. Audio recording in groups (15 mins) and book selling session (10 mins)
  - Pupils break into groups and record new narration for the book
  - Book selling session to build reading interest and encourage ss to read outside class

## Pupils' perceptions of teacher-made e-books

Do you like **recording audios** for these e-books?

How often do you **re-read** these ebooks at home?

Do you like listening to books **read by the teachers** or books **read by yourselves** more?

Yes, very much (63.6%); quite like (22.7%); like a little (0%); neutral (4.5%); no, not at all (4.5%)

Always (40.9%); often (22.7%); sometimes (18.2%); never (18.2%)

Teachers (36.4%); pupils themselves (54.5%); no preference (9.1%)

In general, do you **like** these ebooks?

Yes, very much (81.88%); quite like (9.1%); like a little (9.1%); neutral (0%); no, not at all (0%)



## Conclusion

- Teachers can make use of technology to create texts that are accessible and enjoyable to all. It is particularly important to make reading a less laborious experience for the struggling readers to improve their reading enjoyment and motivation.
- Potential of e-books in enhancing the teaching of reading will need further research—but at least we can see its potential in providing enjoyable reading fluency practice to the struggling readers.

## Conclusion (cont.)

- As can be seen from our student sharing, this project was helpful in increasing their understanding of e-books as a tool to support early literacy practices.
- We hope this encouraging result can show the value of providing opportunities for preservice teachers to engage in projects where time and space are given for them to explore new technological tools together with customised training workshops and supervised practice opportunities. This is especially true when training for such tools is not available in their regular teaching methodology courses.



Customised training

Supervised practice

## Conclusion (cont.)

 In addition, given the complex nature of the process of learning to read, many preservice teachers may need additional learning opportunities beyond their regular courses to acquire knowledge and skills necessary for facilitating this complex process.



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## Thank you!

