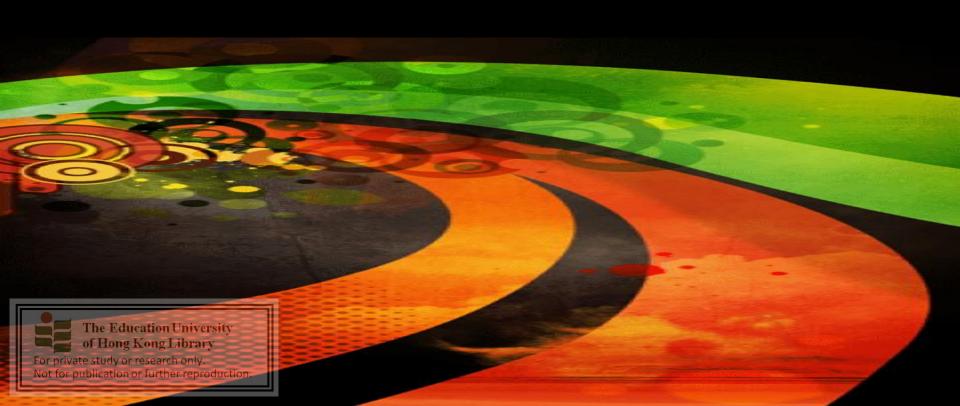
The Rise, Fall and Reprise of

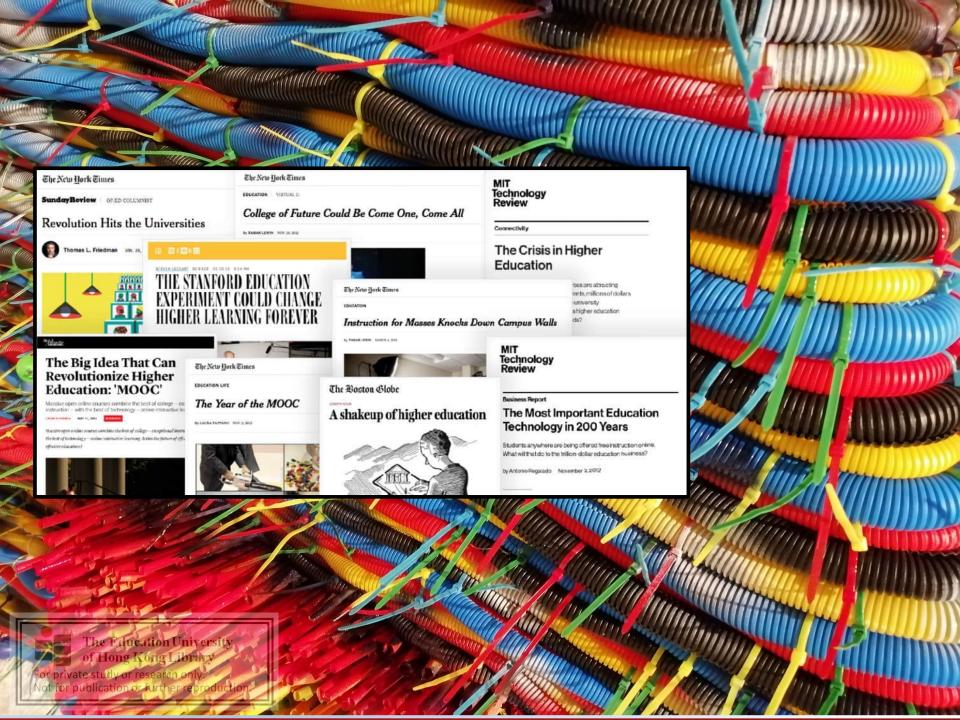
MOOCS

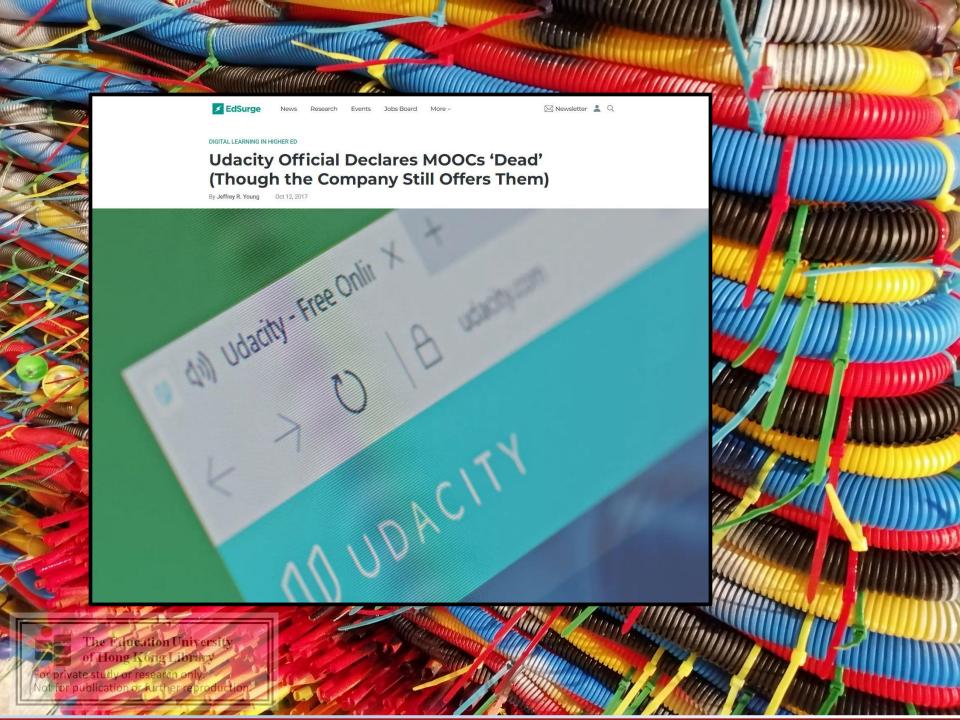
What Every Teacher Needs to Know

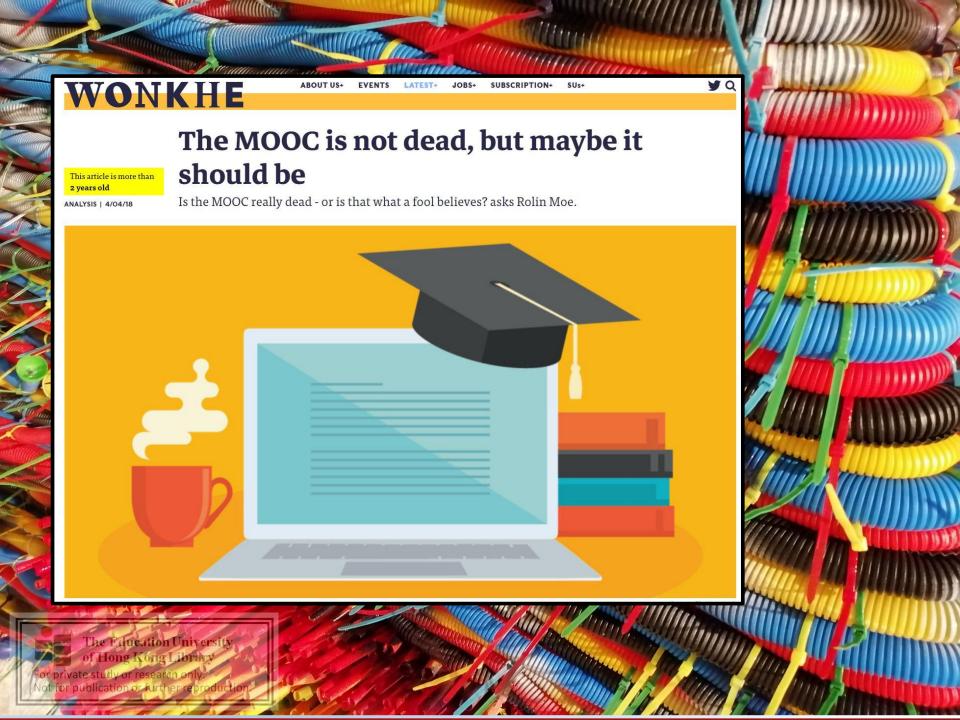


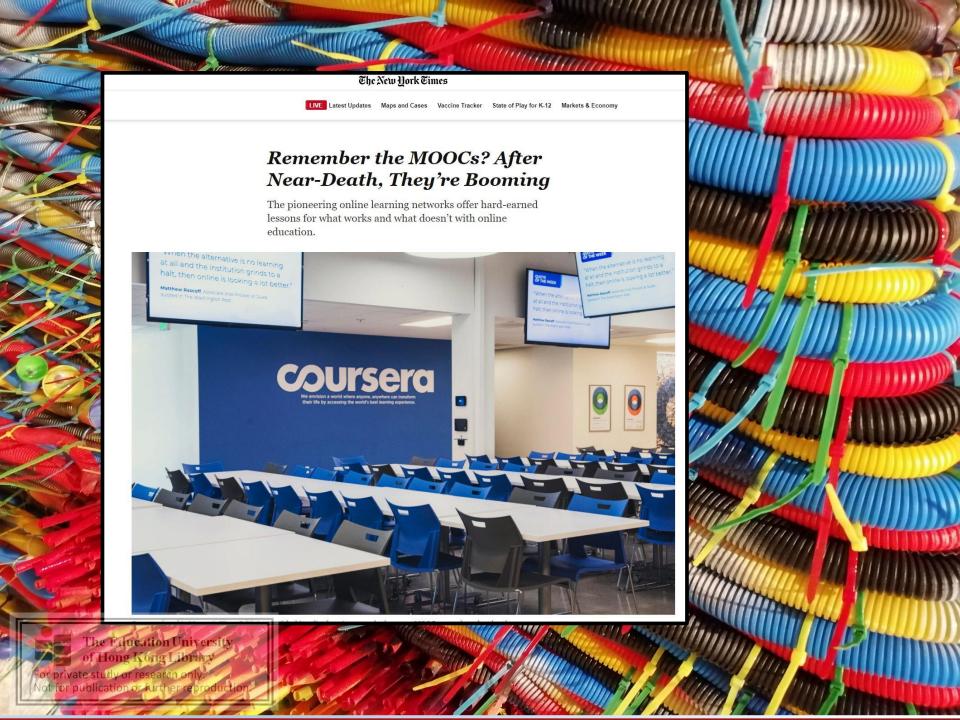


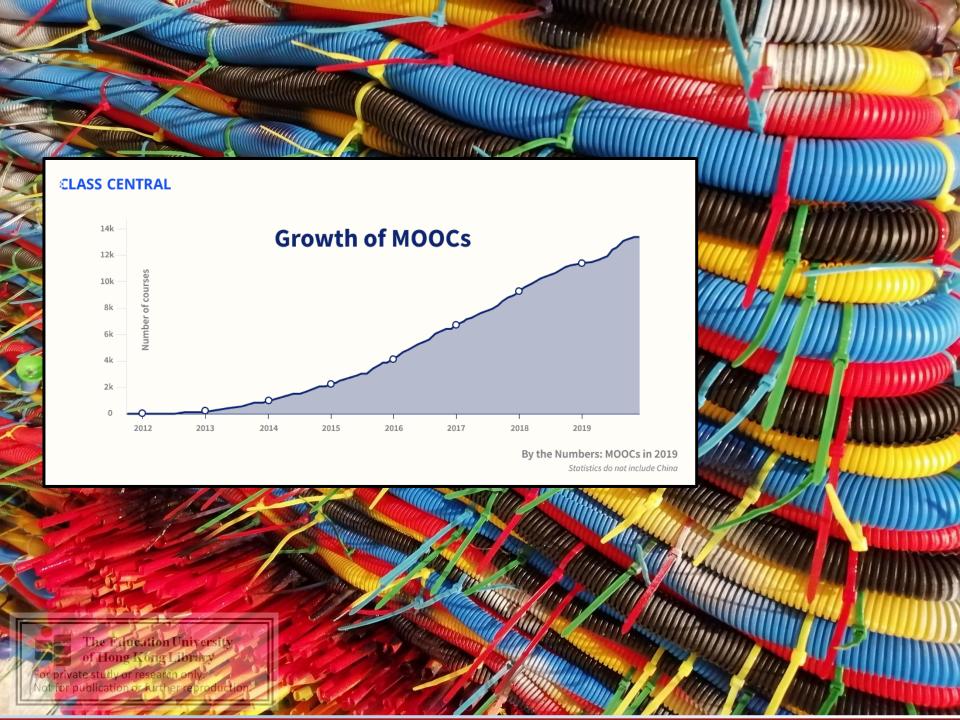






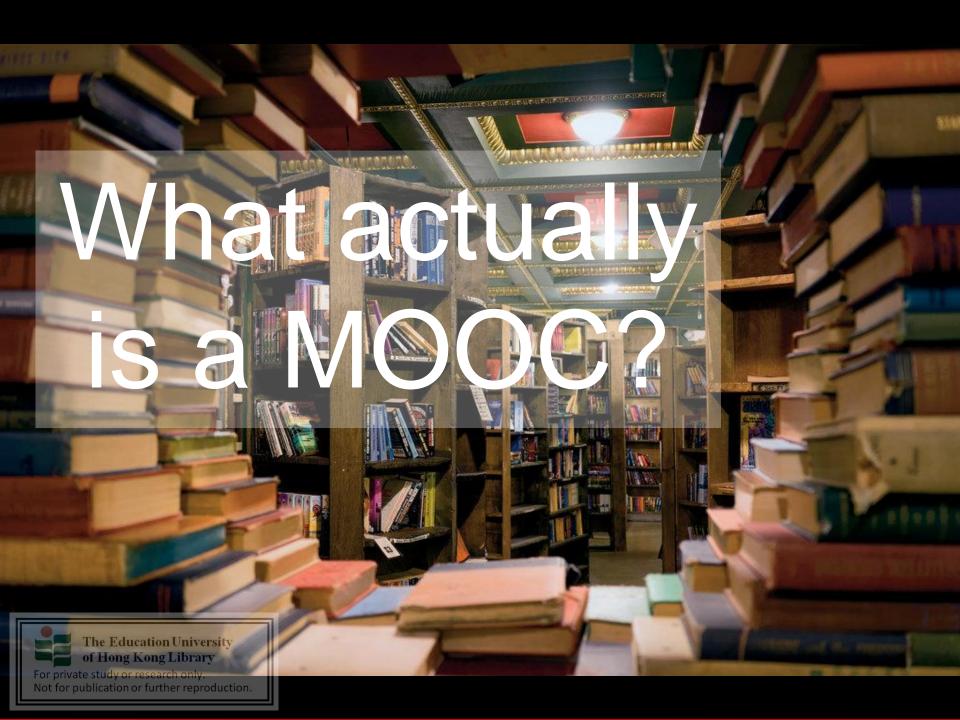


















xMOOC

The most common MOOC model

The "x" represents a commercial MOOC, that is, offered through commercial or semi-commercial platforms such as Coursera, edX and Udacity.

These MOOCs emphasize a traditional learning centered in playing videos and conducting small test-type exercises. The course is developed around a homeroom teacher and basic curricula.



cMOOC Connectivity

The "c" stands for connectivist MOOCs. These cMOOCs were the first to emerge. These courses emphasize creating knowledge through students, on creativity, autonomy, social and collaborative learning.

Courses are similar to postgraduate seminars: subjects are just a starting point to engage in discussions among participants, and therefore, the main part of learning resides in the interaction among them.



DOCC

Distributed Online Collaborative Courses

distributed among students from different institutions, but the management of these courses varies, because the DOCC model is not based on a pedagogy centered on a single "expert" or institution in particular, but rather the contrary, DOCC are built from the experience of participants coming from diverse institutional contexts, Students can communicate online with their classmates in other schools.



BOOC Big Open

Online Courses

These are similar to xMOOC, but the course is limited to the number of participants (usually no more than 50 students.)



SMOC

Synchronous Massive Online Courses

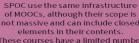
The differentiating factor of these courses is that they're live classes, and students are connected online simultaneously.



SPOC Small Private

Online Courses

of MOOCs, although their scope is not massive and can include closed elements in their contents. These courses have a limited number of participants, similar to BOOC but, with student-teacher interactions based on the conventional classroom model. In fact, they're similar to the flipped classroom



model.



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BSERVATORY

COMPLETION RATE















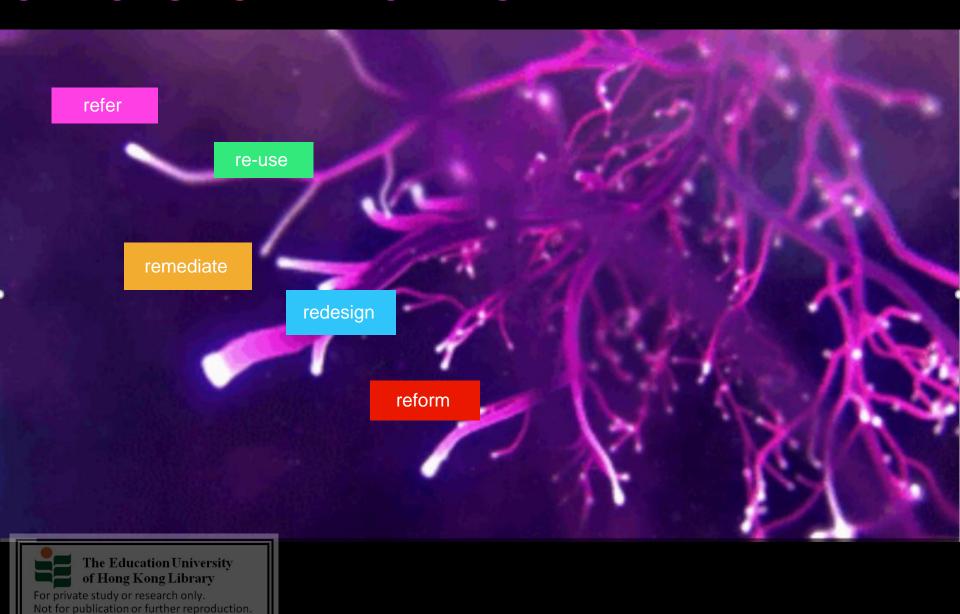


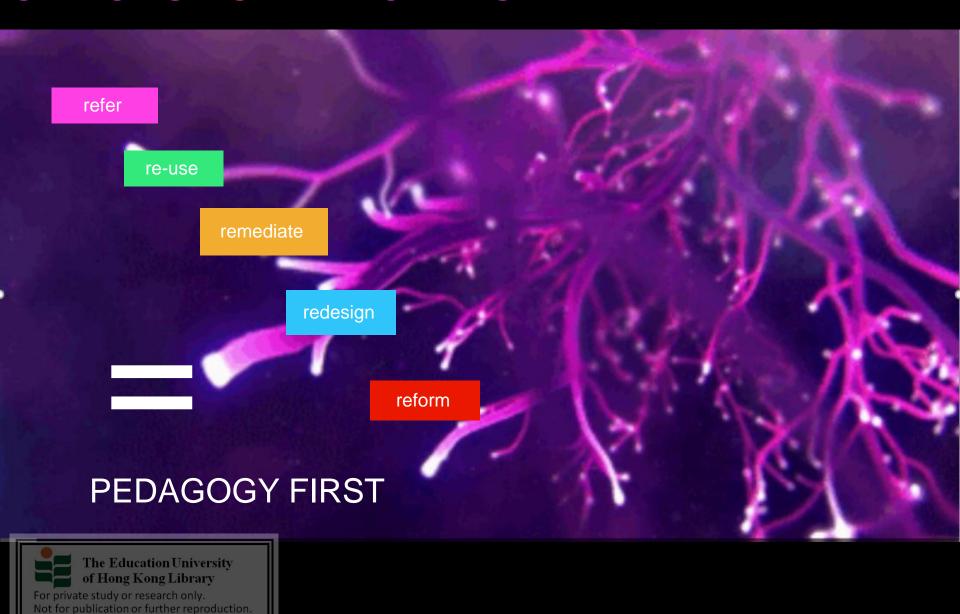












re	fer	Refer learners to MOO	C content external to the course	1177	
		Quality Control	Have you taken MOOCs yourself? What did you enjoy and dislike? How does this course stack up?		
		Needs Analysis	What learner needs does this course meet?		
		Support	How will learners know if and when to take it? How will they know if they are doing well?	10	d
		Integration	How will you avoid overlap?	$T_{i} = T_{i}$	

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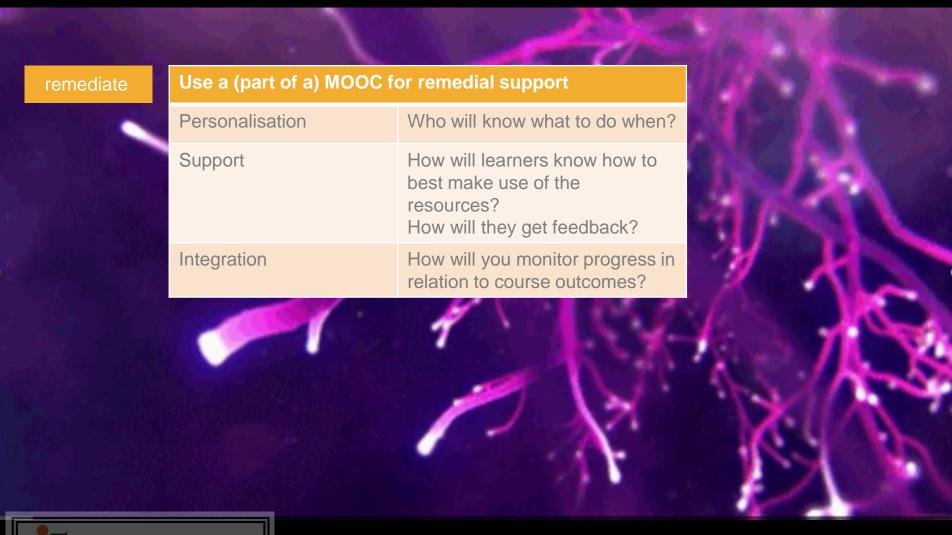
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re-use	Use a (part of a) MO content	OCC to replace some of the course		
	Quality Control	Does the quality meet your standards? If not, can you adapt the content or provide additional resources?		
	Support	Are the processes in the MOOC content similar or different? Do learners need training?	y	
	Integration	How will you make connections to and from the imported content?	$\langle \cdot \rangle$	10
			1	1

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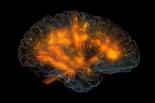
rec	les	sign

Use the MOOC to redesign and enhance your course Augmentation In what ways could the course benefit from MOOC affordances, in particular anytime/anywhere access learning communities Opportunities for developing autonomy Preparation How will you prepare learners for different ways of working? Support How will you monitor progress and provide support when necessary? Evaluation How will MOOC learning impact how learning progress is measured?



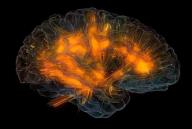
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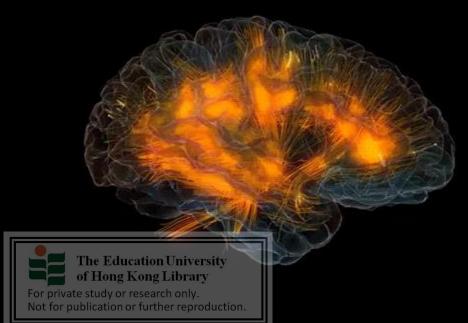
reform	Use the MOOC to reform pedagogy		
	Transformation	What pedagogical principles could be explored in the new ecology, combining the MOOC with the course, leading to new practices? - Learner-driven - Community-orientation - Facilitated as opposed to instructed	
	Preparation	What new skills and attitudes to learning are needed?	1
	Support	What alternative types of support may be needed?	64
The Educati	Evaluation On University	How can we draw on the Big Data MOOC(-supported) learning environments generate?	



Key questions

 What could you do with a MOOC that you can't (easily) do without?







Key questions

- What could you do with a MOOC that you can't (easily) do without?
- Will you be open to changing your pedagogical beliefs and practices?

